

# Why Get a Federal Student Loan?

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While every student wants free money in the form of scholarships and grants, not everyone can get enough free money to cover the entire cost of college or career school.

**If you've filled out your FAFSA and your school has offered you federal student loans (your school might call them Stafford Loans, Direct Loans, FFEL Loans or Perkins Loans), here are some things to consider:**

- You don't have to start paying back your federal student loans until you graduate or drop out of school. If you get a private loan, you'll have to start making payments right away.
- The interest rate on a federal student loan is almost always lower than that on a private loan—and much lower than that on a credit card!
- Students with greater financial need might qualify to have the government pay their interest while they are in school.
- You don't need a credit record to get a federal student loan.
- You don't need a cosigner to get a federal student loan.

As you can see, a federal student loan is a much better option than a private loan or a credit card. However, do remember that you are responsible for repaying your loan, so don't borrow more than you need for school-related expenses. And if you find you're going to have trouble making your payments, be sure to get in touch with your lender as soon as possible to see what arrangements can be made.

For more information about the types of federal student loans, repayment options, and what happens if you don't make your payments on time, check out our guide called *Repaying Your Student Loans*. Read the guide online at [www.FederalStudentAid.ed.gov/repayingpub](http://www.FederalStudentAid.ed.gov/repayingpub) or order a copy of the booklet from **1-800-4-FED-AID (1-800-433-3243)**.

